

-
2. // : . – 2018. –
1 (79). – C.37.
 3. ,
// – 2011. – 4. – . 24–26.
 4. 3951-2-2015. .
2.
 - AQL
. – . : « » , 2015. – 78 .
 5.
//
. – 2017. – 9. – . 88-92.

RESUME

Statistical methods of product control are the most effective and bring high economic indicators. They are based on the application of probability theory and methods of mathematical statistics. Statistical acceptance control by quantitative characteristics allows obtaining more accurate information about the quality of products and ensures early detection of a decrease in its quality, but has a more complicated control procedure.

614.8.027 (574)

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1,9 1990 . 3,67 . ³ 2016 . 5 . ³ 2050 .
 22 . ³ 31 [1].

28-30 %,

- 70 %.

150 ,

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190 . . .

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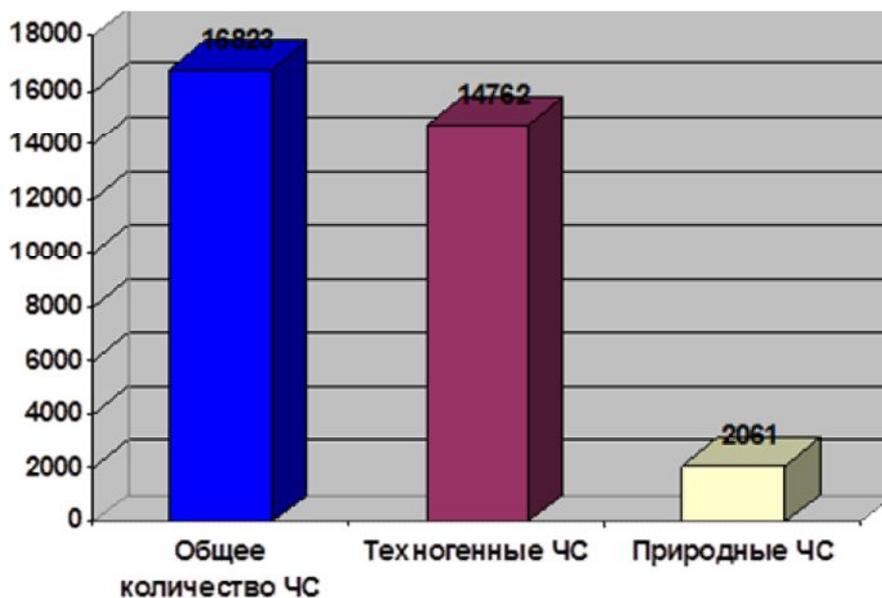
2016

16823 (1)

1196 (

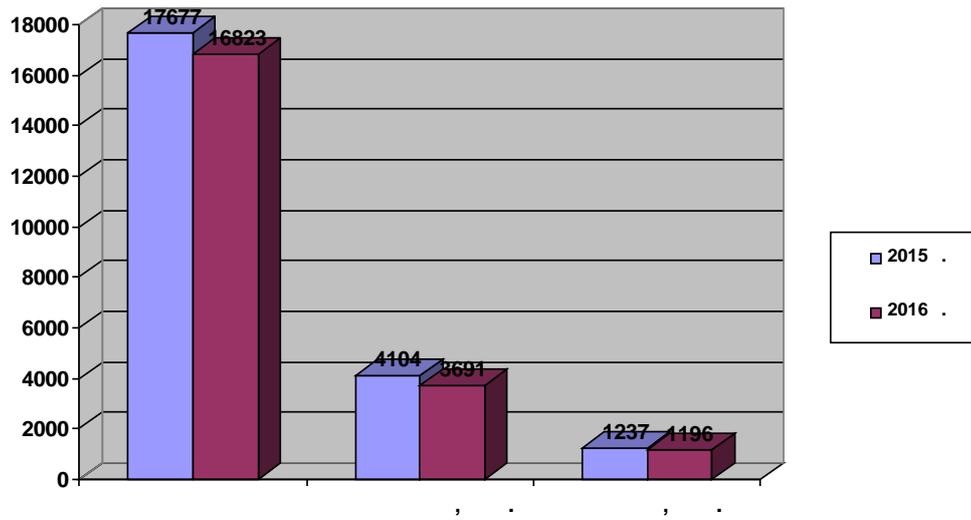
2).

7



1 –

2016 .



2 -

2015 2016 .

2015) 2016 ([2]:

- 23,3% (213), 17,6% (145)

), - 8,7% (75), 7,5% (80),

- 7,1% (97), 18,4% (191);

- 46,7% (14), -

24,5% (23 26,5% (49), 25,9% (14),

), 23,5% (12), 21,9% (7)

45,2% (19), 50,7% (36).

;

- 30,6% (94),

24,3% (42), 17,2% (25) ;

- :

40,9% (52), 100% (46), -

), 32% (16), 28,6% (14

), 15,9% (28).

(1), 2015 87,7%

(1,7% (252), 1921 (8,1% 14762

), 728 (6,4% (44), :

- 14192 (1,8%),

941 (2,3%) 369 (4,4%),

3256,5 . (18,3%).

12,3%

2015 :

- 2061 (22,6% (602),

1770 (23,9% (557) 468 (15,4% (85

).

;

- 77 (2,7%),

8 1 ;

- 336 (45,2%), 5 3 ;

- 1198 (16,9%),

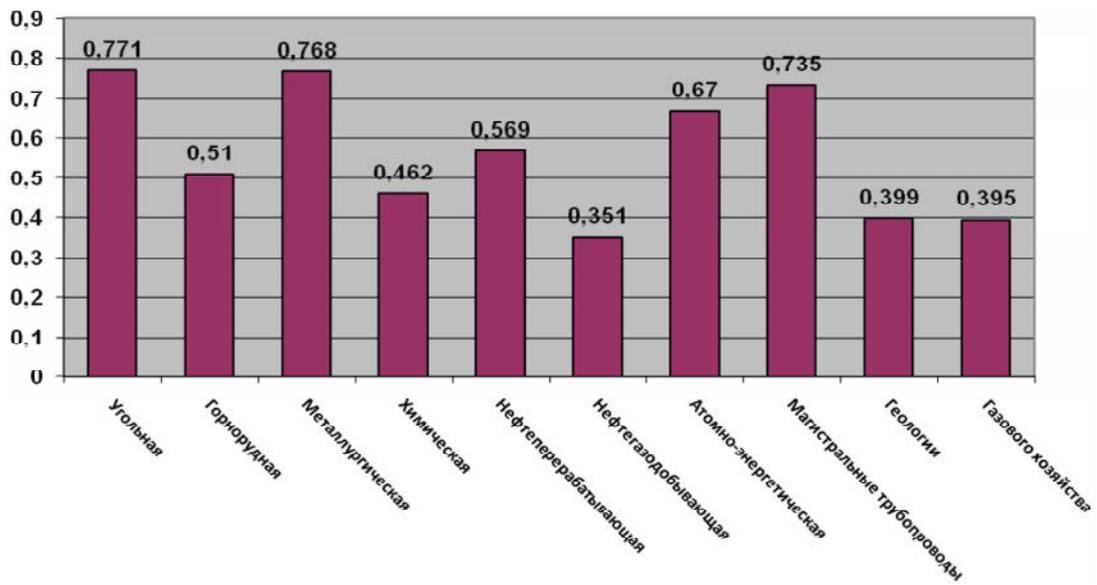
1305 13 ;

- 426 , 451 ,
 2015
 14,1%, 16,3%.
 - 7 2017
 2016 9,2% (755
 0,4% (8), 13,7% (106),
 29,4% (283).
 8960
 2057 665 .
 7 2017
 (2016) [2]:
 - : 13,8% (93
), - 9,1% (53);
 - 47,7% (62),
 41,2% (73), 28,6% (16),
 27,5% (38), 20% (20), - 19,1% (63
) 5,2% (5);
 - 45,2% (14),
 42,2% (19), 39% (16), 30,8% (20),
 - 26,7% (4), 22,9% (11),
 22% (9), - 20,9% (24) .
 10,5% (2).
 :
 - : 27,8% (82), 25,9% (82
), 22,3% (198), 21,8% (107),
 14,5% (22), 13,5% (50),
 12,8% (117), 9,5% (44) 11,3%
 (46), 4,2% (16);
 - 2,4 (60),
 65,2% (15), - 45,4% (114),
 27,7% (13), - 21,9% (14), 16,9% (43
) . 16,9% (10);
 - : 2,1 (19),
 90% (9) .
 85,5%,
 2016 , 7661 (9,4% (661), 1085 (4,4% (46), 372
 (13,1% (56), : 7344
 (10,1%),408 (9,7%), 170
 (7,1%), 1175,2 . (45,8%).

[3]:
 - -0,771;
 - -0,510;
 - -0,768;
 - -0,462;
 - , -0,569;
 - -0,351;
 - -0,410;

- - -0,670;
 - , . . -0,735;
 - -0,479;
 - -0,421;
 - -0,582;
 - -0,399;
 - -0,395.

0,6, , . . 0,735, . .
 (3)



3-

2016

0,537.

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a ,
- « » ;
,
, 0,735;
- 85% ,
- (16%), (23%) ;
- .

1. - . – <https://ru.wikipedia.org/wiki/>.
2. . -
<http://emer.gov.kz>.

