

imperative of the time, because the whole world is polyethnic. The development of a multicultural personality that knows and respects the culture and traditions of another people is very important for our country. As, the future of our country is in the hands of our youth.

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ТҮЙІН

Қазіргі таңдағы білім беруде өте өзекті мәселелердің бірі, заман талабы – үштілді оқыту. Аталған мақалада автор оқу үлгісіндегі үштілді білімнің даму мәселелерінің шешу жолдары мен маңыздылығына назар аударады. "Үштілді оқыту – жастарды дамытудың негізгі факторы" тақырыбындағы мақала қозғалған мәселе өзекті болып табылады, өйткені біз көпмәдениетті қоғамдағы өмір сүріп жатырмыз. Автор үштілділікті енгізудің түрлі әдістерін қарастырады және ұсынады. Сондай-ақ, болашақ ұрпаққа патриоттық тәрбие беруге бағытталған мемлекеттік бағдарламаға да сипаттама берілген.

РЕЗЮМЕ

Данная статья «Трехязычное образование как основной фактор развития молодежи» является актуальной, так как мы живем в поликультурном обществе. Понимание богатства языка и культуры своего народа неразрывно без знаний языков и культур других народов. Автор рассматривает и предлагает различные методы реализации внедрения трехязычия. Также ясно изложена государственная программа, нацеленная на патриотическое воспитание будущего поколения.

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THE LANGUAGE AS THE BASE OF CIVILIZATION

Resume

The article presents polylinguism relevance in terms of education development in the Republic of Kazakhstan, as well as the recognition of the primacy of multilingual education in the development of society. It is shown that foreign language specialist makes competitive, opening up before him broad professional opportunities, creates conditions for integration into the global system of industrial relations.

Key words: polylinguism, linguistic consciousness, multilingualism, personality, polylingual, language policy.

The world is rapidly changing under the influence of the global challenges of the XXI century; it leads to expand the scope of activities, new initiatives.

The relevance of multilingual and multicultural education is determined by the general global trend towards integration in the economic, cultural and political spheres. Polylingual training we understand as a purposeful process of initiation to the world culture by means of several languages when studied languages act as a way of understanding the scope of expertise of mastering cultural, historical and social experience of various countries and peoples.

Multilingual personality – is an active multi language support. Poly lingual personality is a multicultural personality. That is why a multicultural personality is defined as "an individual with a strong linguistic consciousness" [1].

The goal of multicultural and multilingual education may lie in the formation of man, capable of active life in a multinational and multicultural environment, which has developed a sense of understanding and respect for other cultures, the ability to live in peace and harmony with people of different nationalities, races and beliefs.

Our task is to speak several languages, since it is on the ability of the Kazakh, Russian and English languages will depend on both personal and professional career of each of us.

Polylingual essence of the education system is multicultural education. I believe that polylingual person – it is not just the individual who owns a different set of voice features and cultural and historical identity, which has its social labeling and its ethnic roots. Therefore, we must cultivate a new Kazakhstan patriotism, and it is primarily proud of their country and its achievements. Development polylingual person can contribute to elite education, the study of all the subjects on the basis of the cultural heritage of the country, comparative analysis of the phenomena under consideration in the context of different cultures prepared young people for future life, work in the context of Kazakhstan, awareness in learning the history and spiritual values of our people, concern for the preservation and development of national identity and self-awareness of young people of different nationalities

Language, in particular, is a means by which a person receives information about the material and spiritual culture of the society, which lies in the existence of human culture. Culture determines man's place in the system of social production, distribution and consumption of wealth.

Language – is an objective reality. At the same time it is associated with the sphere of consciousness, the spiritual life of the people. But there is no doubt that language is a social reality. It exists outside of each of us, and regardless of our being and consciousness. We are born and die, but the tongue of the people continues to exist. But it cannot exist without regard to society, which is made up of individuals, cannot exist without regard to ethnic self-consciousness, the collective public consciousness and linguistic identity speak it individuals [1].

Formation polylingual person – is one of the main directions of development of multicultural educational environment. The concept of linguistic personality fixed connection between language and consciousness of individual personality, with the outlook. Any person manifests itself not only through substantive work, but also through dialogue, which is unthinkable without language and speech. This person will inevitably reflect his inner world; it is a source of knowledge and his personality. Moreover, a person cannot study the language is because it is difficult to understand what is a man, as long as we do not hear as well as what he says.

In his speeches and appeals of President Nursultan Nazarbayev has repeatedly talked about the importance and significance of polylinguism for multinational Kazakhstan society. The idea of the trinity of languages in Kazakhstan for the first time the President announced back in 2004, subsequently returning to it repeatedly. And in 2007, the nation address "New Kazakhstan in the new world," the Head of State proposed to begin a phased implementation

of the cultural project "Trinity of languages". From that moment begins the countdown of the new language policy of independent Kazakhstan, which today can be an example for other countries in the degree of popularity in the community and their level of efficiency. Harmoniously entered into a process of spiritual development of the people, the language policy is inseparable from the common policy of large-scale social modernization. The President believes that the success of the modernization is very important that each citizen was useful to the Fatherland. Modernization is necessary citizen of Kazakhstan. Only with this understanding can be achieved by a wide public consensus and success [2].

For Kazakhs idea of the trinity of languages is especially important because the head of state was formulated in response to the challenge of the time as a decision vital needs of society, is actively integrating into the global world. The integration of Kazakhstan into the world community now depends on the awareness and implementation of a simple truth: the world is open to anyone who can acquire new knowledge through the mastery of the dominant language. Thanks to the initiative of the President of our country started to implement the concept of polylinguism in education, because it will strengthen the competitiveness of Multilinguism in Kazakhstan.

An important place is occupied with the teaching of foreign languages in order to graduate can actively and purposefully uses the achievements of science and practical experience of foreign experts. This requires both immediate learning objectives within the walls of the university, and developing the capacity for subsequent expansion of self-knowledge, improving skills in accordance with individual interests, aspirations and values of experts.

Learning a foreign language forms communicative abilities as necessary for the person as a member of society, a member of the team, a family member. It requires the ability to listen to the interlocutor, to enter into communion, to maintain it [3].

We understand and share the view that to achieve harmony and understanding among people, overcoming the difficulties of inter-ethnic communication, intercultural communication, it is important to study the language and culture of the people. A reasonable, good and proper implementation polylinguism will enable us to be communicative and adapt to any environment.

The students of our university can also improve their mind with Kazakh, Russian, English knowledge attending special courses that were created for highly-motivated students: at round-tables, scientific conferences they can discuss very important and interesting issues, materials, information from newspapers and scientific journals, so that it makes each meeting much more interesting and useful for all participants. They can improve their skills in project creating and presentation making, as well develop tolerant attitude towards different cultures and nations. Students write essays and articles on different themes.

It should be mentioned that there are some special English groups in our university that learn not only professional English, but also the special disciplines in English.

Summing up, it should be mentioned that languages are very important for today's students, because they can give "professional" freedom. And our university provides all the students with opportunities to learn / improve their knowledge of different languages.

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ТҮЙІН

Әлемді танып білуде, қазіргі заманғы білім беру жүйесінде шет тілін оқыту ерекше орын алады, өйткені бұл маңызды байланыс және қарым-қатынас құралы. Жаңа әлеуметтік-экономикалық және саяси жағдай көптілді менгеру деңгейіне жоғары талаптар қояды.

РЕЗЮМЕ

Иностранный язык в системе современного образования занимает особое место, поскольку это важное средство коммуникации, познания и расширения мира. Новая социально-экономическая и политическая ситуация предъявляет высокие требования к уровню овладения государственным, родным и иностранными языками.

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YOUTH OF KAZAKHSTAN AND THE TRANSITION TO THE LATIN ALPHABET

Resume

The transition of the Kazakh language into Latin script is part of the President's large-scale program on modernization of consciousness. Article gives short description of some points of politicians and stressed on the view of the youth concerning this point.

Key words: Latin alphabet, Kazakhstan, president, program, student, science, stable state, solidarity.

The language of modern science is Latin. Annually about 75% of scientific literature in the world is published in languages using the Latin alphabet according to various estimates. International studies have shown that among 12.5 million scientific articles published during 2005-2015 period on the Web of Science in the top 15 advanced countries 75% were published on Latin alphabet while in Cyrillic only 2%. It is significant that the difference between the increase in scientific knowledge in Latin and Cyrillic is significant. For example among the 1.4 million patents issued in the top ten countries 61% of patents are issued in countries using the Latin alphabet and only 2.7% are issued in countries using Cyrillic alphabet.

Kazakhstan will become the fifth state using the Latin alphabet. In addition to the rapprochement and strengthening of good-neighborly relations between Kazakhstan and the fraternal countries of Central Asia and the states of the Caspian region - Azerbaijan, Turkey, Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan, the transition to the Latin schedule will allow our country to become more open and close to the majority of the world's peoples because in the modern world more than 75% of countries use Latin graphics. Information in the Kazakh language, including poetry, literature, history and science will become more accessible to our brothers living abroad for foreigners studying Kazakh. Any student of the fraternal countries of Asia will be able to read without translation heritage of the great Abai and Magzhan Zhumabaev.

Transition of the Kazakh alphabet to the Latin script was discussed at the meeting of the National Coalition of Democratic Forces "Kazakhstan -2050". This decision is strategically important for Kazakhstan. President Nursultan Nazarbayev proposed this idea at the time when Kazakhstan has already formed up as one of the most respected, stable and harmonious